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**YOUTH PROTECTION IS A PRIVATE ISSUE IN OUR
CONSTITUTION**

Public safety University of the Republic of University,

PhD in pedagogy, docent

Nargiza Shirinova

Annotation. *The article deals with our new Constitution which is really important for our life development. Protection of personal, political, economic, social, cultural and environmental rights of young people are described in the article.*

Key words. *constitution, rights, protection, state, employment, health care, youth protection, environmental rights.*

A number of youth-related norms have been expressed in our newly revised Constitution. The fact that a separate chapter is devoted to the issue of family, children and youth shows that our country is mainly paying attention to youth protection as an urgent issue.

According to the special article on youth rights, the state ensures protection of personal, political, economic, social, cultural and environmental rights of young people, encourages their active participation in society and state life. In this case, it is evident that the state takes the youth under its protection. In addition, the state should create conditions for the spiritual, intellectual, creative, physical and moral formation and development of young people, for the realization of their rights to education, health care, housing, employment, employment and recreation are being determined.

We know that every young person who has graduated should work, get married, have a house. But it is very difficult to solve all these things at once. Therefore, the state is taking on such issues. Special attention is paid to youth employment and housing. Therefore, the new norms aimed at supporting young people, which are reflected in our renewed Constitution are the most important problems.

Today, more than 18 million of our population are young people. Considering that this indicator will reach 25 million by 2040, we understand that it is important that the issue of youth is included as a separate chapter in our Constitution.

First of all, the updated Constitution strengthens the norm that the state ensures the protection of the personal, political, economic, social, cultural and environmental rights of young people, and encourages their active participation in the life of society and the state. As we strive to build a democratic, legal state, we cannot achieve it without protecting the rights of young people, who are our future, and ensuring their active participation in the life of society and the state.

Secondly, the state creates conditions for the spiritual, intellectual, creative, physical and moral formation and development of young people, for the realization of their rights to education, health care, housing, employment and recreation. For the development of our boys and girls, it is necessary to create opportunities for them, that is, to be healthy and have housing, to get education, to get a job, to be busy and to be happy. The state undertakes to create appropriate conditions in this regard, because these norms are important not only for the benefit of our youth, but also for the well-being of our society and country. In addition, the updated Constitution provides for academic freedom in higher education, free higher education at the expense of the state on the basis of selection, and the provision of support for non-governmental educational organizations to improve the lives of the young generation, realize their dreams, find their place in life by acquiring modern specialties and personal creates an opportunity for development.

In the last six years, the number of higher education institutions has increased from 77 to 210, admission to them has increased by 5 times, the number of students has increased by 1 million, and the coverage of higher education has increased from 9% to 38%. The number of state grants also doubled to 40,000, of which 5 times for master's degrees.

At the end of the event, the party representatives called on our youth to vote for the renewed Constitution in the referendum on April 30, without being

indifferent to the historical law that determines the fate and future of our nation.

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