

THE ROLE OF RELATIVE PRONOUNS IN ENGLISH SPEECH

G.Yu.Sharipova

*Teacher of the English language of the Academic lyceum of Samarkand State
Economics and Service Institute shokirovakbar2016@gmail.com*

Xasanova U.Sh.

*Teacher of the English language of the Academic lyceum of
Samarkand State Economics and Service Institute*

Abstract: In English, relative pronouns are an important part of speech. They are used to connect information in a sentence, provide additional information, and make sentences more complex. Relative pronouns mainly consist of words like "who", "whom", "whose", "which", and "that", which play an important role in creating relative clauses. This article details the role of relative pronouns in English speech, how they are used, what functions they perform in different contexts, and their importance in speech.

Key words: relative pronouns, "who", "whom", "whose", "which", English language, sentences.

Relative pronouns are primarily used to create relative clauses. Relative clauses are mainly used to identify or describe something or a person. For example, in the sentence "The man who is wearing a blue shirt is my brother", the pronoun "who" is connected to the word "the man" and identifies who is being talked about. Such sentences, in turn, enrich the sentence and help express information more clearly. Relative pronouns also take the place of conjunctions between sentences. With their help, you can combine several simple sentences to form complex sentences. This makes speech more fluent and understandable. For example, the sentences "The book is on the table. The book is mine" can be combined in the form "The book that is on the table is mine". This process makes speech more rational and coherent. In English, the use of relative pronouns can also change depending on the context. For example, the pronouns "who" and "whom" are used to refer to persons, but "who" is more often used as the subject and "whom" as the object. Such differences help to increase the formality and accuracy of speech. The use of "whom" is more preferred in formal speeches, but "who" is more commonly used in everyday speech. Another important aspect of relative pronouns is the ability to reduce information with them. Relative clauses should often be short and to the point. For example, in the sentence "The car that I bought last year is red", "that I bought last year" can be shortened to "The red car is mine" as a short relative clause. This makes the speech simpler and more understandable. In English, relative pronouns can also be used in a variety of ways. For

example, in formal speech and writing, relative pronouns are used to provide more precision and formality. On the other hand, in informal speech, relative pronouns are used in a more simple and casual manner. This distinction varies depending on the purpose and audience of the speech. Relative pronouns are also related to other grammatical elements in English. They can be used with tenses, persons and numbers, for example. This increases the complexity of the speech and enriches the expressions.

For example, in the sentence "The students who study hard will pass the exam", the pronoun "who" is connected to the word "the students" and determines which students they belong to. The role of relative pronouns in speech is also related to their interconnection. They are used to create connected sentences, and this process ensures the coherence of the speech. For example, in the sentence "The teacher who teaches math is very kind", the pronoun "who" is connected to the word "the teacher" and identifies who is being talked about. Such connections make speech more fluent and understandable. The importance of relative pronouns is also related to their connotation. Each relative pronoun has its own meaning and emotion. For example, the pronoun "whose" expresses possession, while the pronoun "which" indicates choice. These differences provide the opportunity to express different emotions, depending on the purpose of the speech.

The importance of relative pronouns in speech consists of several main aspects. Relative pronouns are used to connect sentences. They are used to identify and describe something or a person, making the information more specific and understandable. Additional information can be added using relative pronouns. For example, in the sentence "The book that I read last week was fascinating", the part "that I read last week" provides additional information about the book. Simple sentences can be combined to form complex sentences using relative pronouns. This enriches speech and expands expressions. Relative pronouns establish coherence and connection between sentences. This, in turn, makes the speech fluent and understandable. Establishing the level of formality: Relative pronouns play an important role in establishing the difference between formal and informal speech. In formal speeches, more pronouns such as "whom" and "whose" are used, which increases the formality of the speech. Relative pronouns are important when expressing information such as possession (eg "whose") and choice (eg "which"). This makes the speech clearer and richer. Relative pronouns can be used in combination with other grammatical elements, which increases the complexity of speech and enriches expressions. In general, relative pronouns are one of the main elements of speech in English, and their correct and effective use is important in the process of learning the language.

Conclusion:

In conclusion, relative pronouns play a very important role in English speech. With their help, information is connected, additional information is given, and

sentences are complicated. Relative pronouns also ensure consistency of speech and enrich expressions. Their use can change depending on the context, and these differences help to increase the formality and accuracy of the speech. Relative pronouns are also related to other grammatical elements of speech, and their interconnection ensures the consistency of speech. Therefore, relative pronouns are important in English, and using them correctly and effectively is important in the process of learning the language.

References:

1. Biber, Douglas, et al. Grammar of Spoken and Written English. Longman, 2021.
2. Eastwood, John. Oxford Guide to English Grammar. Oxford University Press, 2016.
3. Swan, Michael, and Catherine Walter. The Good Grammar Book. Oxford University Press, 2019.
4. Murphy, Raymond. English Grammar in Use. Cambridge University Press, 2019.
5. Azar, Betty Schramper, and Stacy Hagen. Understanding and Using English Grammar. 5th ed. Pearson, 2017.
6. Thornbury, Scott. The New A-Z of English Grammar & Usage. Macmillan Education, 2018.
7. Celce-Murcia, Marianne, and Diane Larsen-Freeman. The Grammar Book: An ESL/EFL Teacher's Course. 3rd ed. Cengage Learning, 2019.