

**WOMAN'S RIGHT TO EDUCATION – AS AN ESSENTIAL
PART OF SOCIAL RIGHTS**

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Annotation. The article talks about guarantees of women's rights to education in the Republic of Uzbekistan and its legal basis, regulation of social relations related to the right to education and upbringing of girls, and partially highlights state policy in this regard. In addition, it was noted that one of the most important directions of state policy is to increase the position and prestige of women in the life of the family and society in our republic, to increase their role in public administration, and to create ample opportunities for conducting this activity in harmony with family affairs.

Keywords. Woman, women's rights, family, child, girls' rights, right to education, education and upbringing, public policy, science, school.

In the socio-economic, political, cultural and spiritual development of every country, the position of women in the society, the state's policy towards women is of great importance, and it acts as the main criterion indicating the level of democratic development of this society, as well as a barometer determining the culture and humanity of the state. It can be said that the state and society that failed to adequately ensure women's rights in law and in practice cannot be recognized as a democratic legal state and a free civil society. For this reason, the role of women in the life of society, the degree of protection of their rights and the relations related to them are one of the main issues in the center of all socio-economic, political, cultural and spiritual realities.

Today, 50 percent of the population of the Republic of Uzbekistan, that is, more than 17 million 200 thousand, are women. For this reason, in the course of fundamental reforms that are being carried out today in the Republic of Uzbekistan, it is necessary to create suitable conditions for women in all spheres of social life, to increase the position and prestige of women in the life of the family and society, to increase their role in the activities of state administration, and to coordinate this activity with family work. creation of ample opportunities for conducting has become one of the most priority areas of state policy. As the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoev rightly noted, "further strengthening of the role and

status of women in the management of the state and society is one of the most priority directions of our reforms."¹.

Education is one of the basic rights of women in social rights. According to the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Education", everyone, regardless of gender, language, age, race, nationality, faith, religion, social origin, type of service, social status, place of residence, and how long they have lived in the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan, equal rights in education are guaranteed. This right defined in the national legislation complies with the requirements of all international documents defining the right to education.

For example, according to Article 26 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, everyone has the right to education. Education, at least primary and general education, should be free. Primary education should be compulsory². Based on the requirements of this norm of international law, the issue of education has been firmly established in the Basic Law of our country.

In particular, Article 50 of the newly revised Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan states that everyone has the right to education, free general education is guaranteed by the state, and school affairs are under state control.³.

When talking about the constitutional basis of the right to education, Article 4 of the Basic Law states that the Republic of Uzbekistan ensures respect for the languages, customs and traditions of all nationalities and peoples living in its territory, and creates conditions for their development, and this is a priority provision of international importance. based on this, it should be noted that school education in our country is conducted in 7 languages: Uzbek, Karakalpak, Russian, Kazakh, Kyrgyz, Turkmen and Tajik.

The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Preschool Education and Training" is of particular importance in regulating social relations related to the right of girls to receive education and training.⁴ In this law, the main principles of preschool education and upbringing, the main directions of the state policy in the field of education and upbringing, state guarantees of education and upbringing are established, according to which every child has the right to receive preschool education and upbringing. The state guarantees the right of every child to one year of mandatory preparation for general secondary education in state pre-school educational institutions one year before entering a general secondary education institution. According to this law, groups in preschool educational organizations are groups where children stay for a

¹ Address of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoev to the Oliy Majlis and the people of Uzbekistan. // People's word, December 30, 2020

² International agreements on human rights. //Responsible editor A.Kh. Saidov. -T: Justice, 2004, - B. 30-36.

³ The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan. -T.:Uzbekistan, 2023. – B. 31.

⁴ National database of legislation, 17.12.2019, number 03/19/595/4160

short time (3-4 hours a day), depending on the duration of the children's stay in them; full-time groups (9, 10.5 and 12 hours per day); there may be day and night groups⁵.

State education management bodies and educational institutions should report to law enforcement agencies about the facts of cases involving women in forced labor and anti-social behavior, identify persons who are prone to harassment and violence against women among students in educational institutions, and their behavior -deals with issues of character correction, as well as social rehabilitation and adaptation of victims of oppression and violence, organization of activities to ensure meaningful free time in educational institutions, cooperation with relevant competent bodies and organizations.

Давлатнинг аёлларга оид сиёсатини амалга ошириш соҳасида Ўзбекистон Республикасининг Маҳалла ва оилани қўллаб-қувватлаш вазирлиги махсус давлат бошқаруви органи ҳисобланади. Ушбу Вазирлик Ўзбекистон Республикаси Президентининг 2020 йил 18 февралдаги ПФ-5938-сон “Жамиятда ижтимоий-маънавий муҳитни соғломлаштириш, маҳалла институтини янада қўллаб-қувватлаш ҳамда оила ва хотин-қизлар билан ишлаш тизимини янги даражага олиб чиқиш чора-тадбирлари тўғрисида”⁶ги фармони асосида ташкил этилди.

Based on this decree, the Ministry of Neighborhood and Family Support of the Republic of Uzbekistan operates its divisions of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions, Tashkent city and district (city). The Ministry of Community and Family Support of the Republic of Uzbekistan is responsible for the effective implementation of the state policy on supporting women, protecting their rights and legal interests, increasing their role and activity in the socio-political life of the country, and ensuring equal rights and opportunities for men; timely identification of women's problems, provision of socio-legal, psychological and material assistance to women in need of assistance and who are in a difficult social situation, including women with disabilities; all-round support in the issues of ensuring women's employment, improving working conditions, wide involvement of women, especially young girls in rural areas, in family and private entrepreneurship, handicrafts; It was decided to provide material assistance to lonely elderly people, needy social protection and low-income families, to provide legal, methodological and practical assistance in providing social support, to effectively use the knowledge and rich life experience of intellectuals to raise the morale of young people, to strengthen their patriotism.

Conclusion

In conclusion, it should be said that the existence of equal rights and opportunities for women and men in the field of education, science and culture is one of the important directions of gender equality. The state must ensure equal

⁵ National database of legislation, 17.12.2019, number 03/19/595/4160

⁶ National database of legislation, 06/20/5938/0187, 19.02.2020

opportunities for women and men in exercising the right to education. The competent body in the field of education should carry out an examination of educational programs, programs and plans of educational institutions in terms of their compliance with the principle of ensuring equal rights and opportunities for women and men, educational programs and training courses of higher education institutions should ensure equal rights and opportunities for women and men. must include a course on provision.

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